

SENSE

(SDN for End-to-End Networking @ Exascale)

Project

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Lead PI

What Problem(s) are We Solving

- End-to-end network service automation
 - Manual provisioning
 - No service consistency across domains
 - No service visibility across domains
- Application-Network interaction missing
 - Ability for science workflows to drive service provisioning
 - Programming APIs usually not intuitive and require detailed network knowledge, some not pre-known
 - Detailed network information needed, usually not easily available

What Problem(s) are We Solving

- Multi-domain service visibility and troubleshooting
 - Data APIs across domains for applications, users, network administrators
 - Performance, service statistics, topology, capability etc.
 - Exchange of ‘scoped’ and authorized information
- Alignment with security policies @ the end-site

Core idea

End-to-end, multi-domain provisioning automation and resource orchestration

SENSE scoped definitions

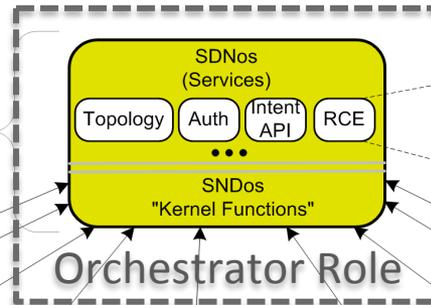
- End-to-End (network point of view)
 - DTN NIC to DTN NIC, across Science DMZ, WAN(s), Open exchange points (ideally)
- Multi-domain
 - Multiple administrative domains, independent policies and AUP
- Provisioning automation
 - Bring-up and management of services without interrupt-driven human involvement
- Resource orchestration
 - Allocation and reservation of resources including compute, storage and network

Current State of SDN - Gaps

- Inter-domain SDN undefined
 - Not focus of open-source or commercial efforts
 - No organized R&E efforts
- Resource descriptions vary wildly across projects, industry
 - Minimal ethernet topology discovery by controllers, represented in proprietary JSON formats
- Multi-domain admission control and Authz
 - No clear way to specify AA, policies, and enforce them across domains
- A 'usable' multi-domain testbed

SENSE Architecture and Approach

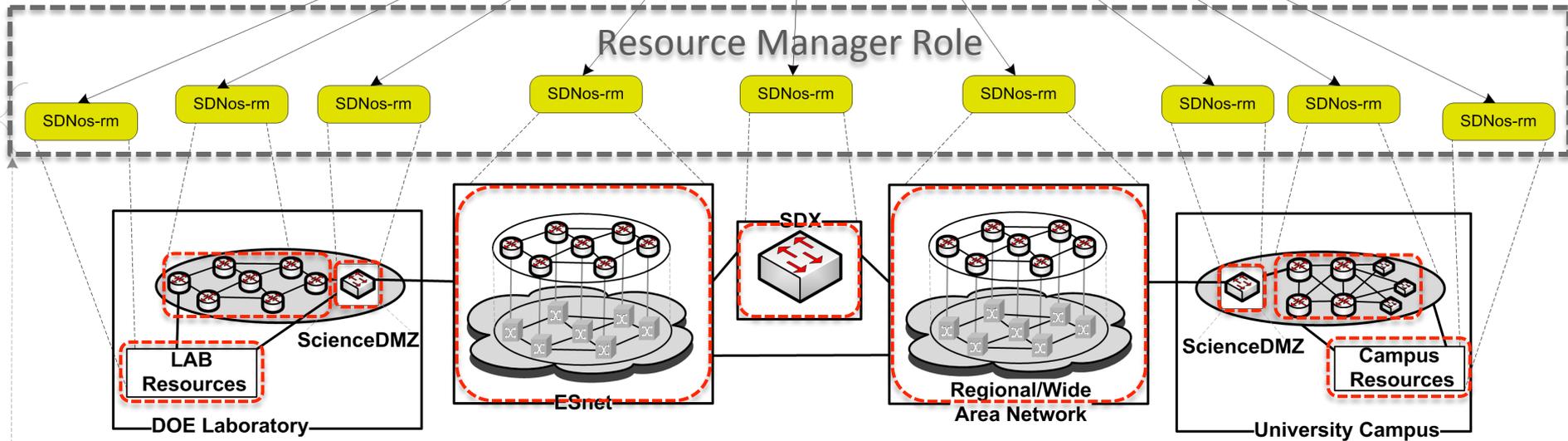
- Orchestrator Level SDNs:
- Interacts with lower level SDNs via common API
 - Manage Network Resources
 - Create resource containers based on Policies and User profiles
 - Service Instantiation and Orchestration



Resource Computation Engine

Computation based on following constraints:

- Topology
- Resources
- Scheduling
- Policy



Resource or Facility Specific SDNs

- Responsible for local resource of facility
- Implementation system and technology a local decision
- Southbound APIs vary depending on resources/facility type
- Common Northbound API to be defined
- Resource descriptions based on extensions to NML

Defines Service
Perimeter/Boundary

SDNs: SDN Operating System
SDNos-rm: SDN Operating System - Resource Manager

Why do we need a Network OS?

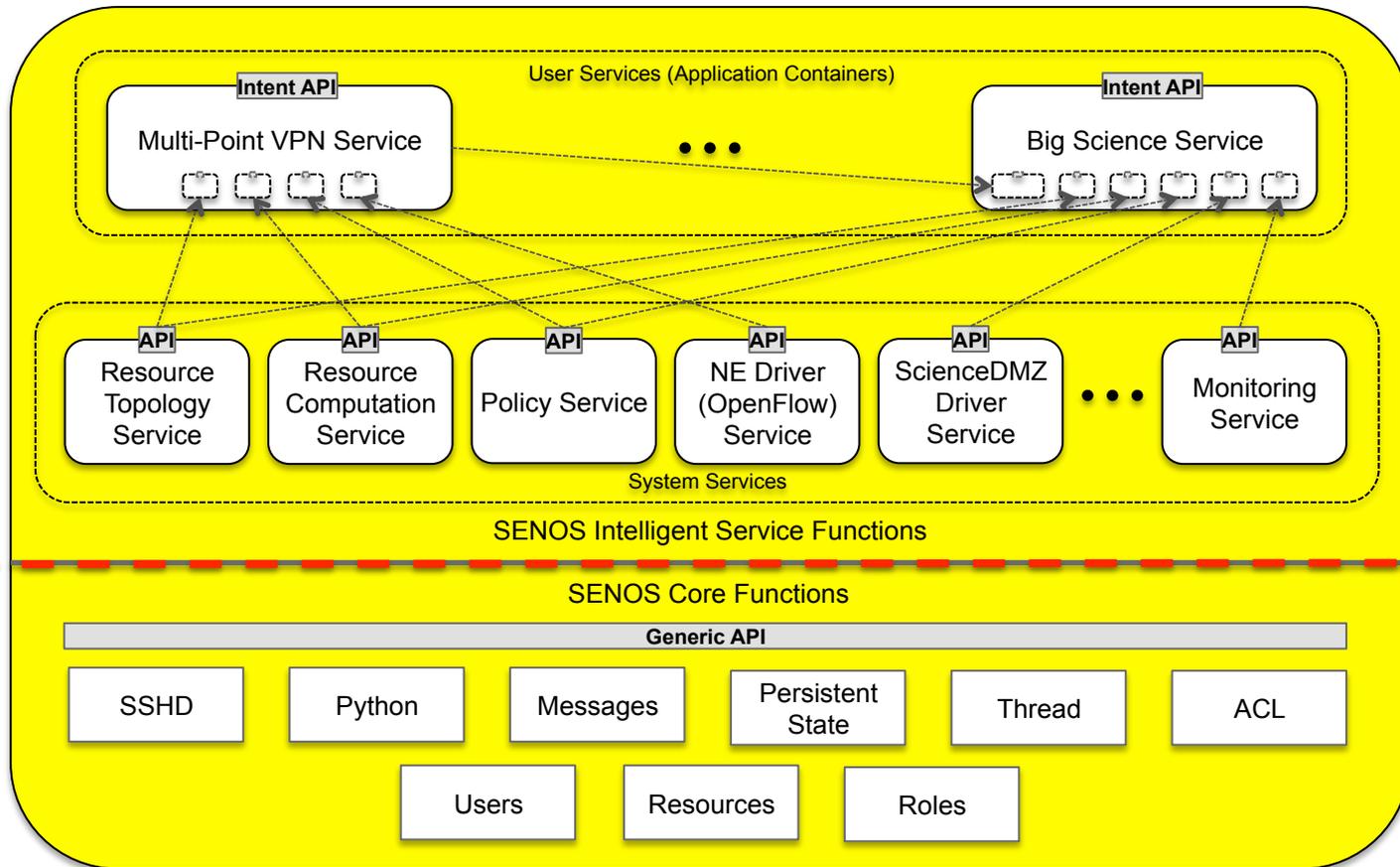
- Multiple application support
 - Missing from existing SDN controllers
 - Requires security, AA, policy infrastructure
- Ability for users to develop custom services
 - Using infrastructure services
 - Offer them to their own customers
- Resource sharing (not control) key
 - Network is shared by many tenants
 - Different service levels (Best Effort, Guaranteed, Low-latency etc.)

SENSE Requirements for an SDN OS

- Communication and coordination
 - between the control planes at different sites.
- Security mechanisms
 - to protect the integrity and availability of network, compute, and storage resources
- Abstractions of resource state and metadata
 - Consistent across multi-domain
- Express and Enforce local policies

SENSE OS (SENOS) Architecture

- Service functions provide the intelligence to interpret or render a user's intent, enforce policies, and coordinate workflows.
- Service functions are hierarchical in nature, with atomic services being a discrete set of services that can be composed to build a more complex, custom service.



- Separation of kernel (privileged) and multi-user (unprivileged) execution space
- Supports the concept of resources and allows the owners of resources to specify how those resources may be used, via access control lists.
- A set of generic object definitions for commonly-used objects in SDN programs, such as network nodes, ports, and links.
- An inter-process message-passing facility for communication between SENOS instances.

SENOS Intelligent Service Functions

(1/2)

- Resource Information Service (RIS)
 - Harvest and normalizes resource topology
 - Enforces policy views of topology
- Resource Computation Service (RCS)
 - Multi-Constrain Multi Resource computation (from RAINS)
 - Add support for SENSE requirements
 - Next-Generation Science DMZ and site resources
 - Flow management, flow termination, and site services integration functions
 - Interaction with SENOS Policy Service

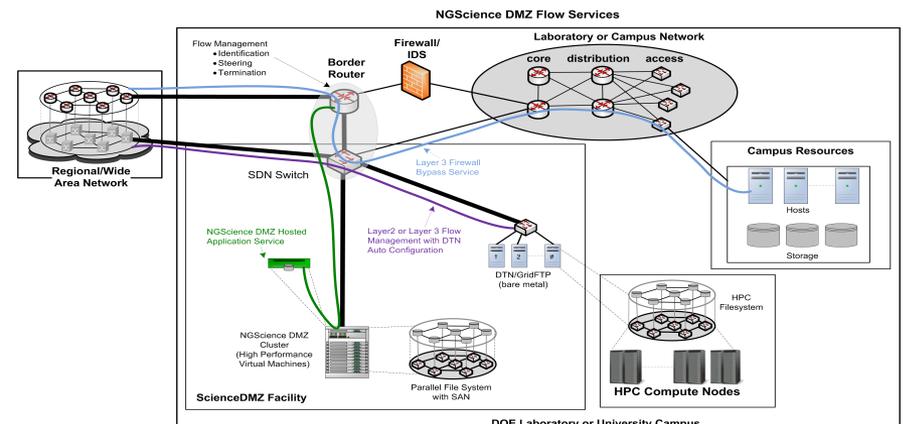
SENOS Intelligent Service Functions

(2/2)

- Intent and Rendering
 - Intent APIs expose very high-level service abstractions that focuses on the ‘what’ the application wants to accomplish and not on the ‘how’
 - Renderer implements the business logic for the service
 - Authorization
 - Policy enforcement
 - Computation to determine a next set of tasks
 - Creation of subordinate (lower-layer) intents, if any
 - Directly performing a set of actions
 - Returning request status
 - Multi-Point VPN Service will be the first network service prototyped for the SENSE project

End-Site Orchestration

- Science DMZ Flow Management
 - Route to right flows to the right DTNs, vlan or more granular flow identification using OF
 - Support multi-science Science DMZ, with resource allocation and traffic steering
 - Enable addition of NFV services like Caching, and flow service chaining



End-Site Orchestration (contd.)

- DTN Autoconfig
 - Systems configuration to ensure data transfer application can connect @ Layer 3 and/or Layer 2
 - Includes, VLAN configuration on the NIC
 - Private or public IP address configuration of L2 or L3 VPNs
 - Other configuration like TCP window size, might be a stretch
 - Creating VMs or containers with right data-movement software for multi-science DTNs
 - OVS configuration and QoS configuration
 - Flow steering and ACLs to connect to the internal file system over different NICs

WAN / Regional / Exchange Network Orchestration

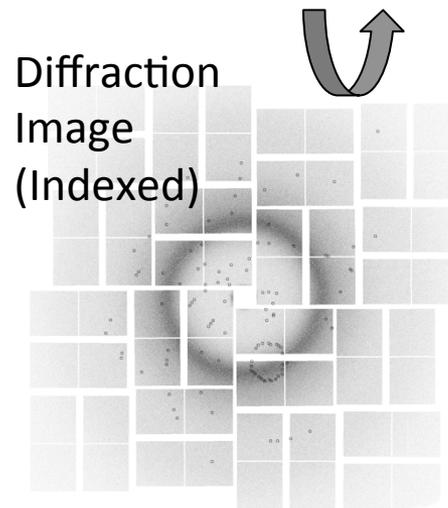
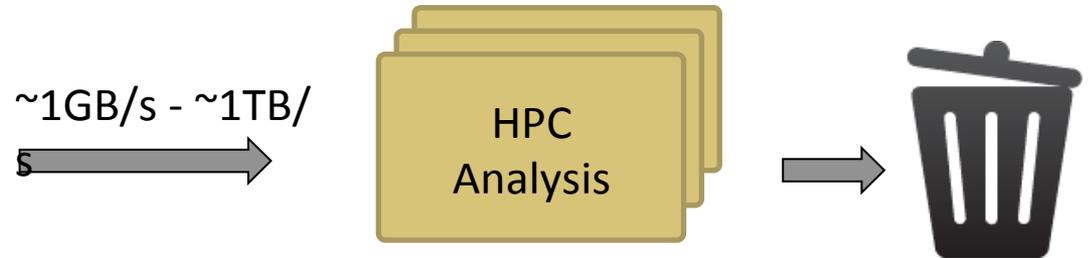
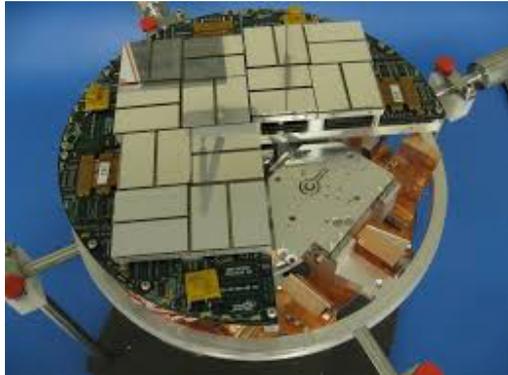
- Leverage past experience with dynamic point-to-point circuit services to develop multi-point offering
- Network Element (NE) Control
 - SENOS NE Driver for southbound communication (i.e. OpenFlow, NetConf/YANG, P4, CLI, etc)

SENSE End-to-End Orchestration

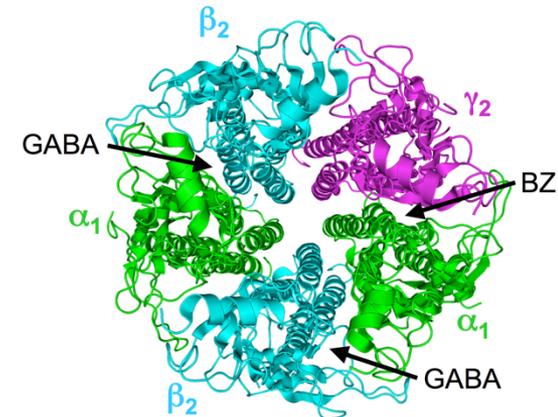
- Three Science Use-cases
 - LHC CMS use-case
 - NERSC Burst Buffer use-case
 - Superfacility use-case

LCLS Computing Use Case: Quasi Real Time Nanocrystallography Pipeline

Providing atomic-scale vision to researchers at the beamline in < 10s



Reconstruct
ed Structure

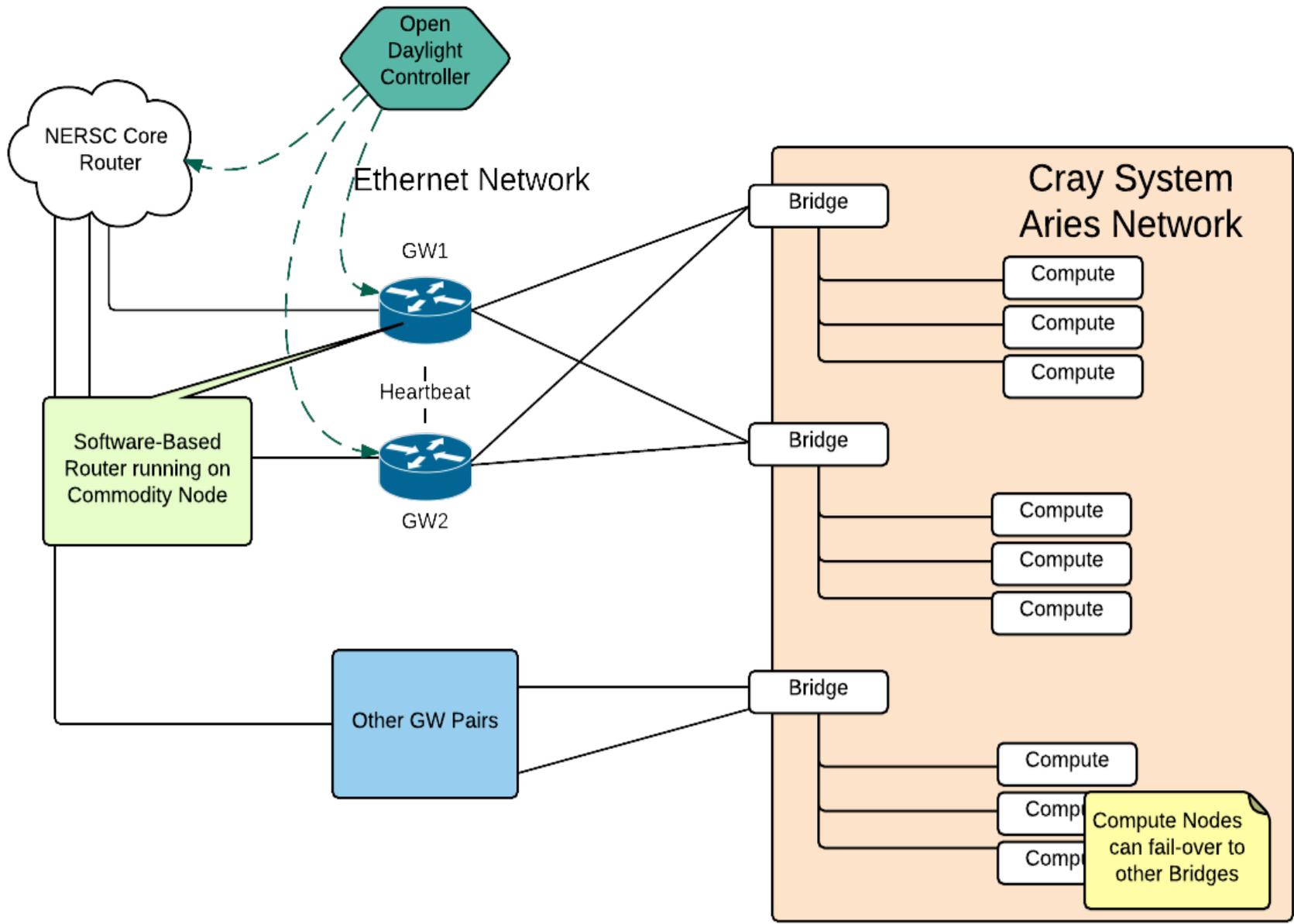


Streaming data from the detector to scalable HPC

- Indexing, classification and reconstruction
- Quasi real-time response (<10s)
- Currently (LCLS-I) requiring 50 TFLOPS
- Cori Supercomputer: 500K cores, 28 PB disk

Pipeline critical for experiments studying atomic scale structural dynamics and fluctuations in matter:

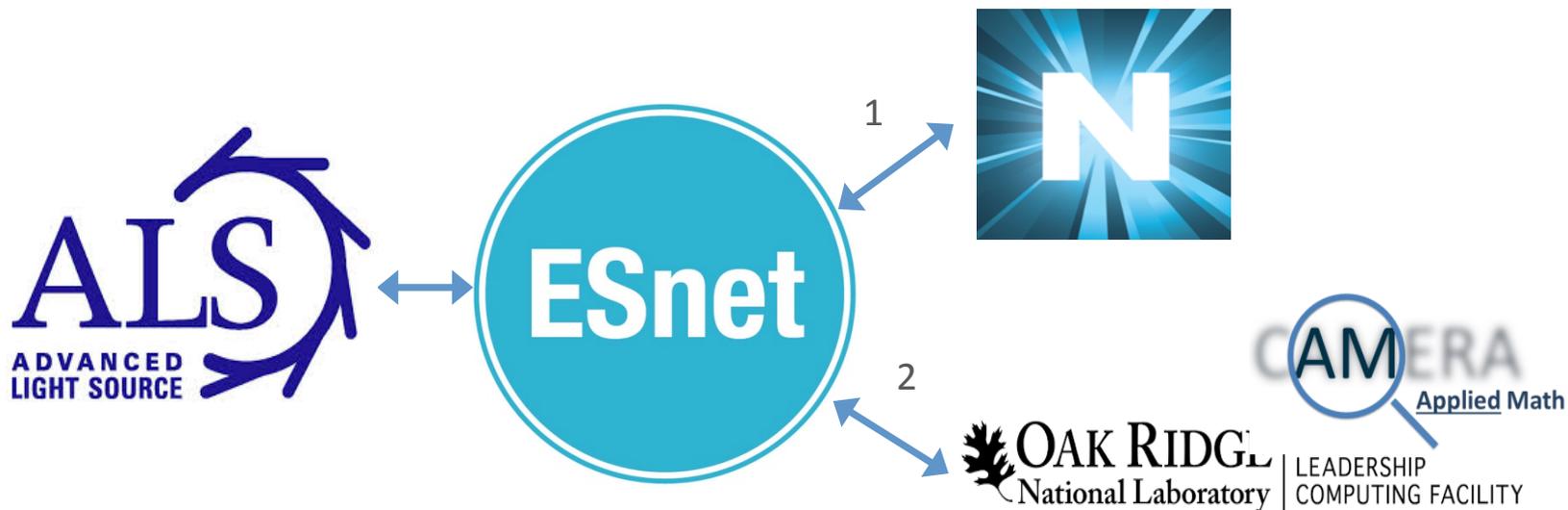
- Complex materials (novel functional properties)
 - Heterogeneity and fluctuations at the nano-scale
 - Nano-particle dynamics
- Catalysis (efficient, selective, robust, earth-abundant)
 - Chemical, structural, and electronic changes; Nano-particles; Interfacial chemistry
- Biological function
 - Protein crystallography – structure and dynamics from reconstructions
 - Macro-molecules – conformational dynamics, heterogeneity, and interacting bio complexes



Superfacility Prototype and Use Case :

Process of science transformed

Real-time analysis of 'slot-die' technique for printing organic photovoltaics, using ALS + NERSC (SPOT Suite for reduction, remeshing, analysis) + OLCF (HipGISAXS running on Titan w/ 8000 GPUs).

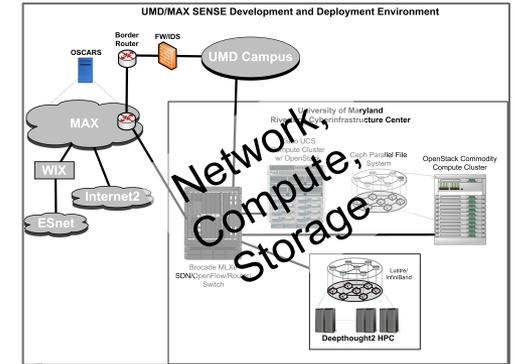
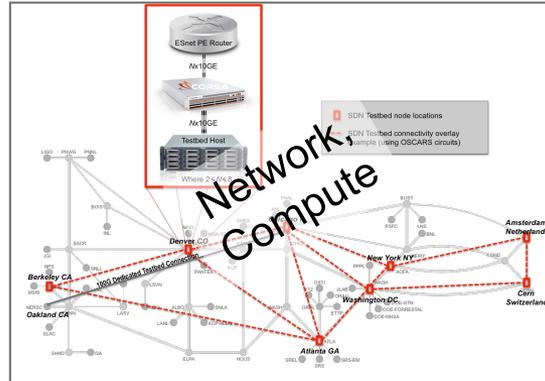
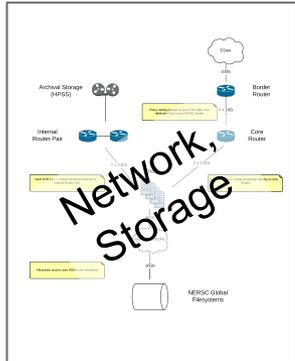


<http://www.es.net/news-and-publications/esnet-news/2015/esnet-paves-way-for-hpc-superfacility-real-time-beamline-experiments/> Results presented at March 2015 meeting of American Physical Society by Alex Hexemer. Additional DOE contributions: **GLOBUS** (ANL), **CAMERA** (Berkeley Lab)

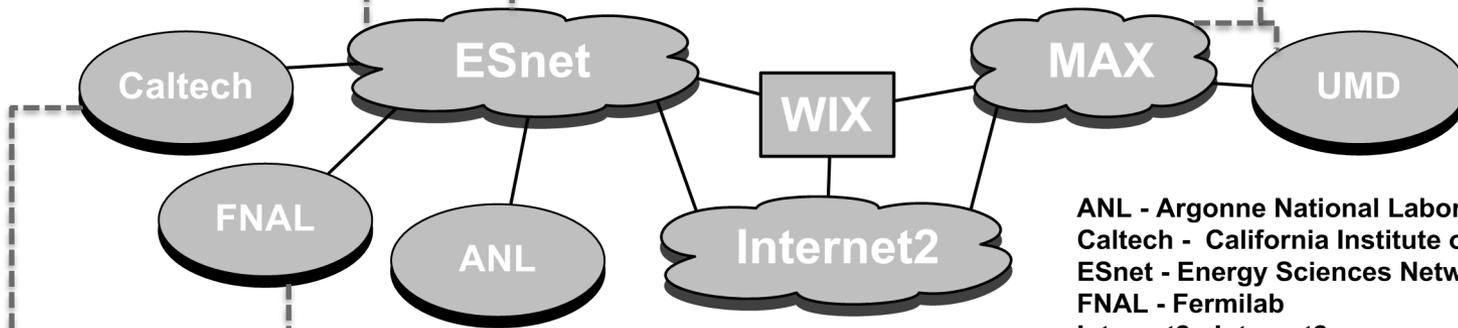
Instrumentation / Monitoring / Measurements

- For the user:
 - Service specific data to the user
 - Follows the thought behind the intent API, abstracted service metrics
- For the administrator:
 - More detailed information across all user-services
 - Multi-domain information exchange to help debug/troubleshoot/monitor service levels
 - Continuous monitoring
- Data Analysis
 - Data mined will be used for system modeling and machine learning to perform capacity predictions and develop strategies for negotiating resources
 - This task will collaboratively lead by the SDN NGenIA project

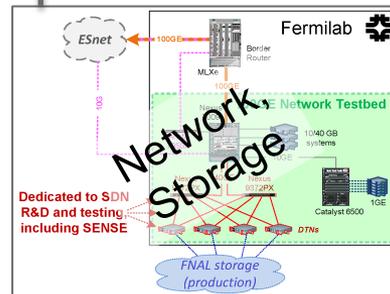
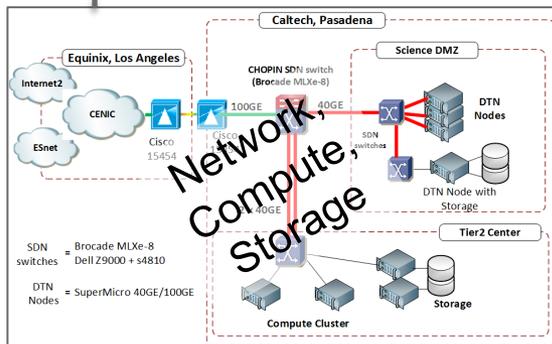
End-to-End SENSE Testbed



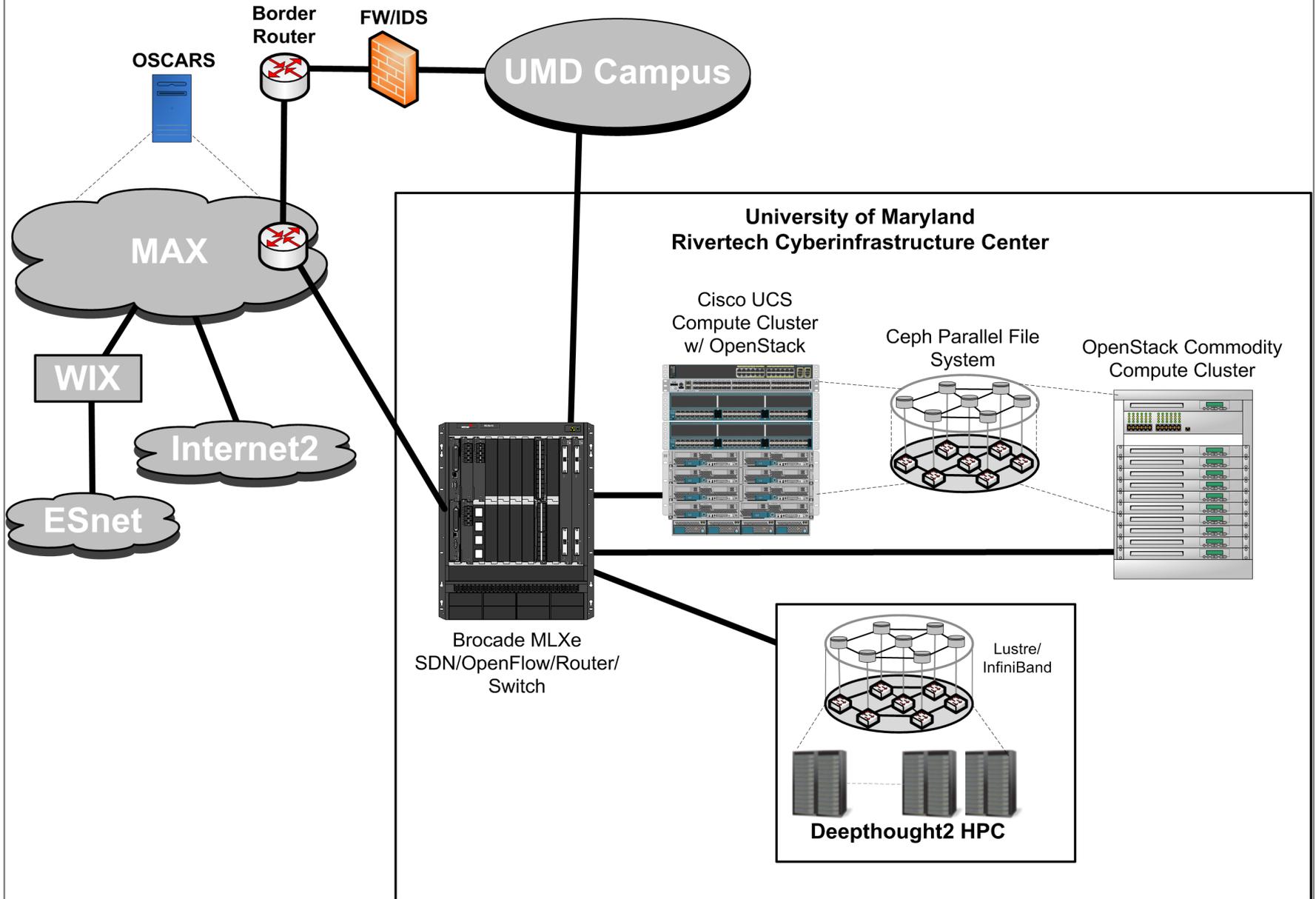
Actual Environment for SENSE Project

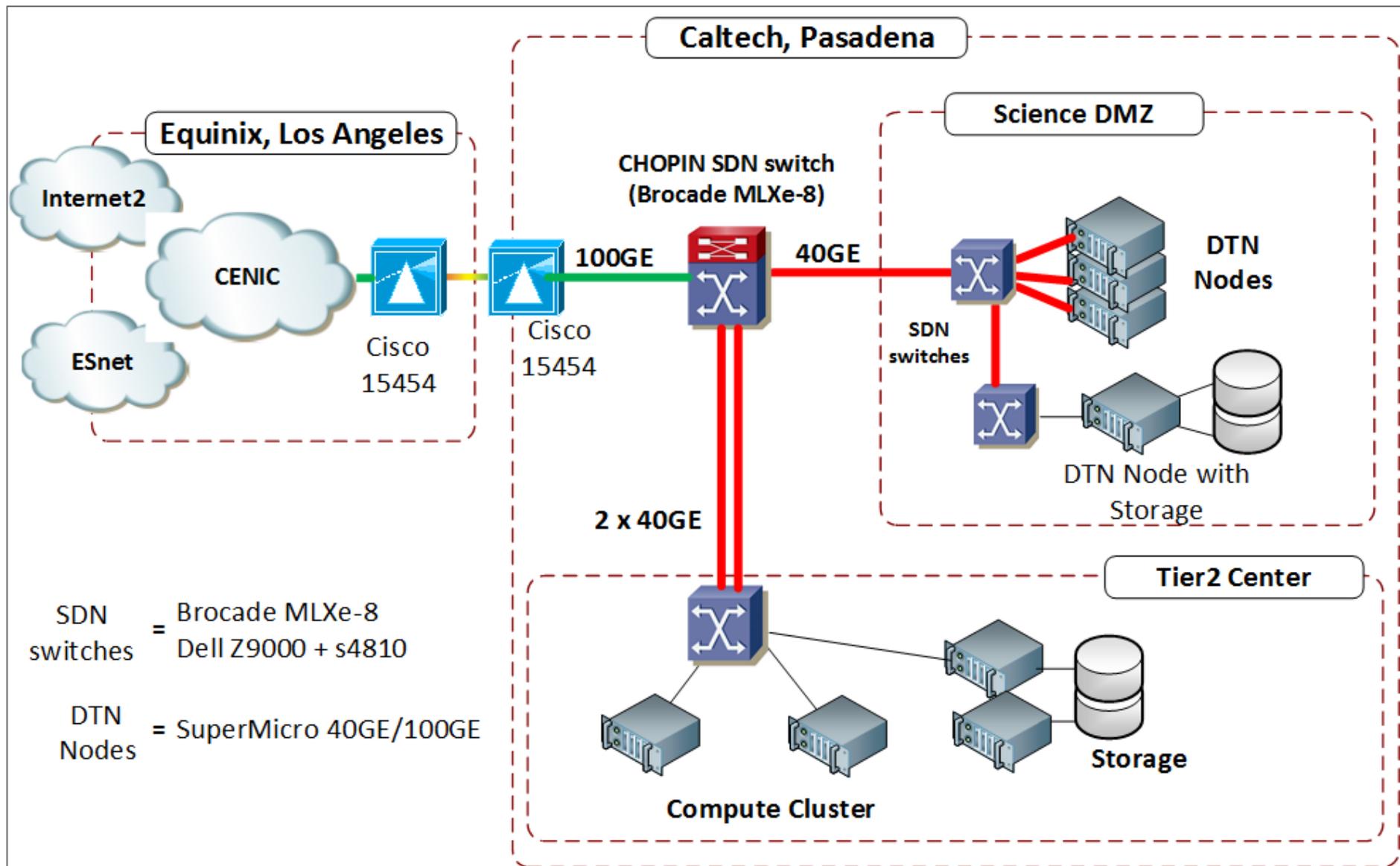


- ANL - Argonne National Laboratory
- Caltech - California Institute of Technology
- ESnet - Energy Sciences Network
- FNAL - Fermilab
- Internet2 - Internet2
- MAX - Mid-Atlantic Crossroads
- UMD - University of Maryland
- WIX - Washington International Exchange



UMD/MAX SENSE Development and Deployment Environment





Fermilab



100GE



Border Router

MLXe

100GE

100GE Network Testbed

Nexus 7009

Arista 7050X



10/40 GB systems

10GE



Catalyst 6500



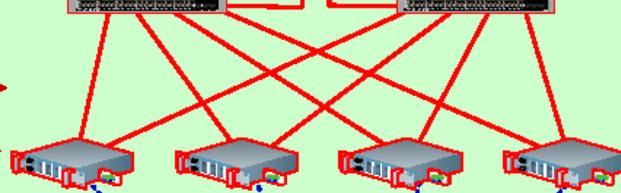
1GE

Nexus 9372PX

40GE

Nexus 9372PX

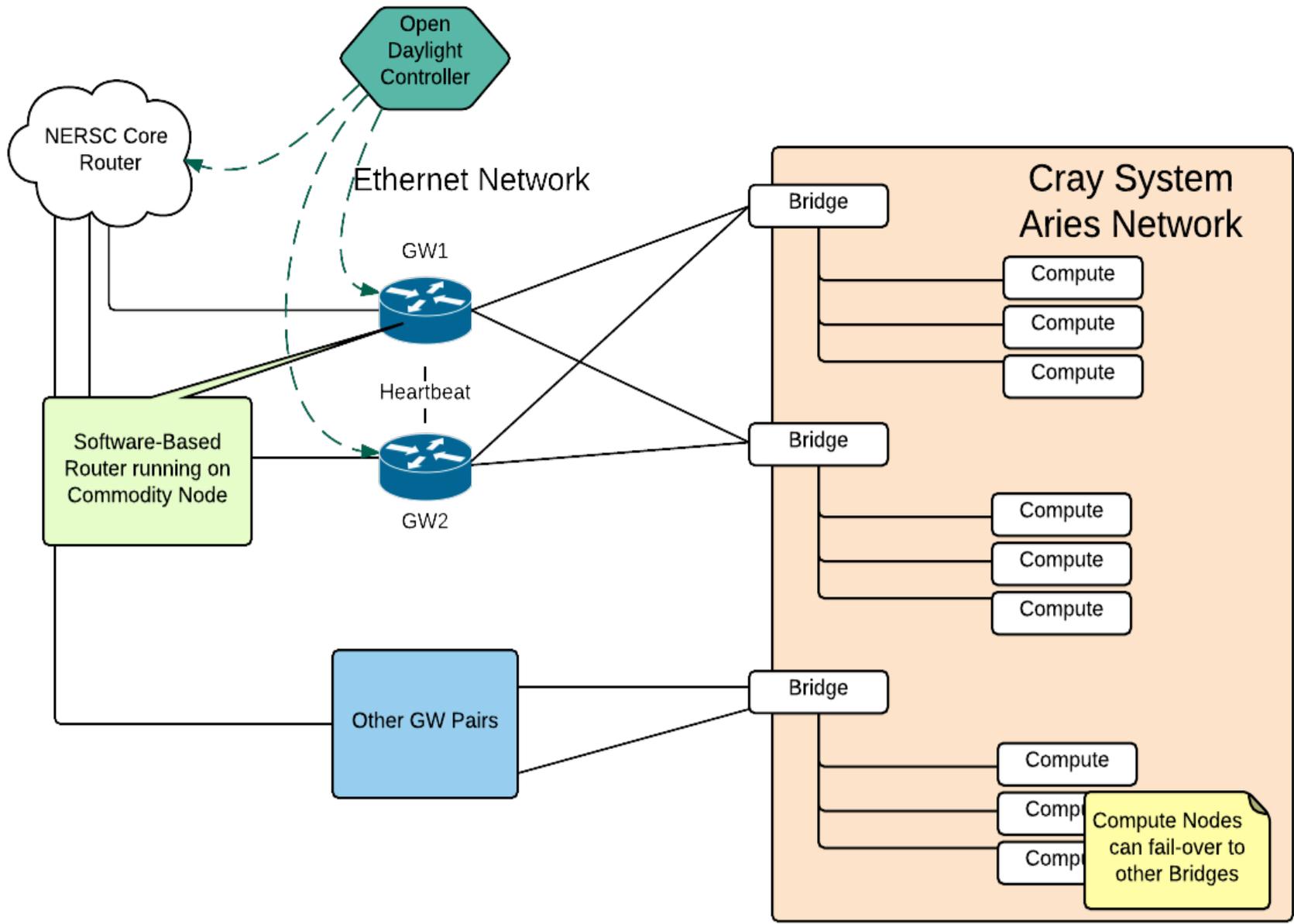
Dedicated to SDN R&D and testing, including SENSE



DTNs



FNAL storage (production)



Flying Start: Leveraging prior work

- Modeling
 - RAINS project
- Testbed
 - Existing compute and DTN equipment @ sites
 - ESnet SDN testbed across US/Europe
 - GENI resources
- SDN Software
 - ENOS and ODL concepts and some components from ESnet/Harvey

Deliverables: Year 1 (Feb* – Feb)

- Science Use-Cases requirements
 - Influence the design and site implementation
- SENOS Architecture and Design, overall
 - With initial implementation of SDN software components
- Intent Interfaces
 - Initial implementation for Multi-point VPN and DTN Autoconfiguration
 - Design for service metrics feedback to application
- NG Science DMZ
 - Design and architecture
 - Initial implementation of SENOS for Local Science DMZ network

* Key SENSE members haven't received funding yet

Deliverables: Year 2

- Implementation of SDN Science DMZ @ end-sites
- Enhance the SDN testbed with features needed for SENSE
- Final implementations of
 - Intent Rendering
 - SENOS
 - SENSE Orchestrator
- Integration into Science Workflows

Deliverables: Year 3

- Demonstration of Science Workflows/Use-cases over the testbed
- Improved Intent Interfaces
- Operational information sharing between sites
- Final implementation of SENOS components
- Tech Transfer and transition

Management Plan discussion

- Monthly PI meetings: Chin/Inder
 - Progress, issues
- Quarterly Progress reports in bullets
- Website for information sharing, both internal and external to project
- Software on Github

Roles and Responsibilities shared across the team

- Design/Architecture: Chin/Inder
 - Define/Write requirements for the software features, and WAN, LAN, Science implementation and science use-cases
 - Multi-domain orchestration: **Tom Lehman**
 - Resource models, design, AA, etc.
 - Policies and End-Site Orchestration: **Phil DeMar**
 - Site policies, ScienceDMZ automation, end-host automation requirements
- Software: John Macauley
 - Processes, release mechanism, documentation, web page etc.
- Deployment: Linda Winkler
 - Deployment of SDN testbed, architecture, timeline
- Science Use-cases & demos: Harvey/Azher
 - Coordination of science use-cases, demos etc.
- Outreach: TBD
 - News, Bullets, Website, Wiki, Logo
- Overall Project Management: Inder/Chin
 - Work with Thomas, deliverables tracking, reports etc.

Unified Topology Views Needed for Computation and Service Reasoning

- Multi-Resource, Full Stack
- End-to-End R&E path

RAINS – Resource Aware Intelligent Network Services

